

Test 2

Total: / 24 marks

Name : _____

Problem 1

[13 marks]

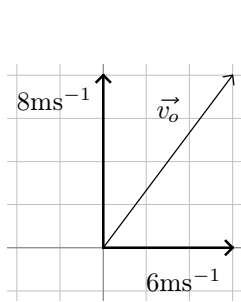


figure 1

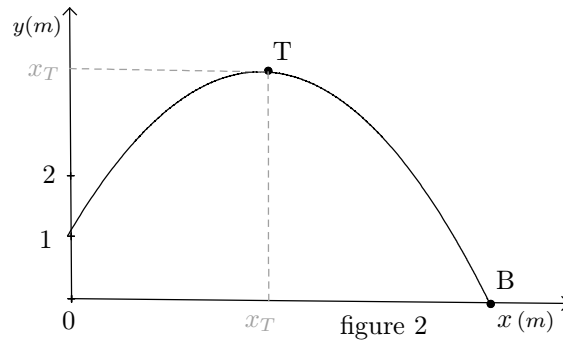


figure 2

For this question you can consider the magnitude of g equal to 10ms^{-2}

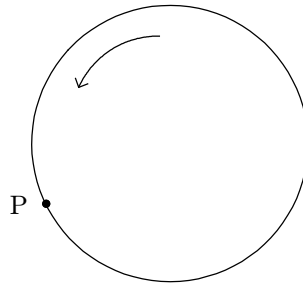
At $t=0$, a ball is thrown obliquely from position $x_o=0$ and $y_o=1\text{m}$, with a velocity \vec{v}_o as shown in figure 1. Figure 2 shows the path of the ball.

- 1) Give the two components (v_{ox} and v_{oy}) of \vec{v}_o
- 2) What can you say about the *horizontal* component of the velocity during the travel of the ball?
- 3) Give the values of *horizontal* component and of *vertical* component of the velocity at the top T.
- 4) What is the *time* for reaching the top?
- 5) What is the *position* of the ball *at the top* (you have to find both x and y of position T).
- 6) What is the *time* required to fall from position T to the final position B?
- 7) What is the *position* of B?

Problem 1**[11 marks]**

An object moves in a horizontal circular path with a radius of 0.8 m at a constant speed of 2.5 m/s.

- 1) What is the magnitude of the object's acceleration?
- 2) What is the direction of the object's acceleration when it is at a position P on the figure below ?



- 3) Show the velocity of the turning object when it is at position P.
- 4) What is the *angular velocity* of this object ?
- 5) What is the relation between the *angular velocity* and the angle $\Delta\theta$ moved in a time Δt ?
- 6) i) What is the *period* of rotation of this object ?
ii) How many time it will take for this object to complete 7 turns (rotations) ?
iii) Suppose the object is at P at time $t_0 = 5s$

Where it would be at time $t = 8s$?