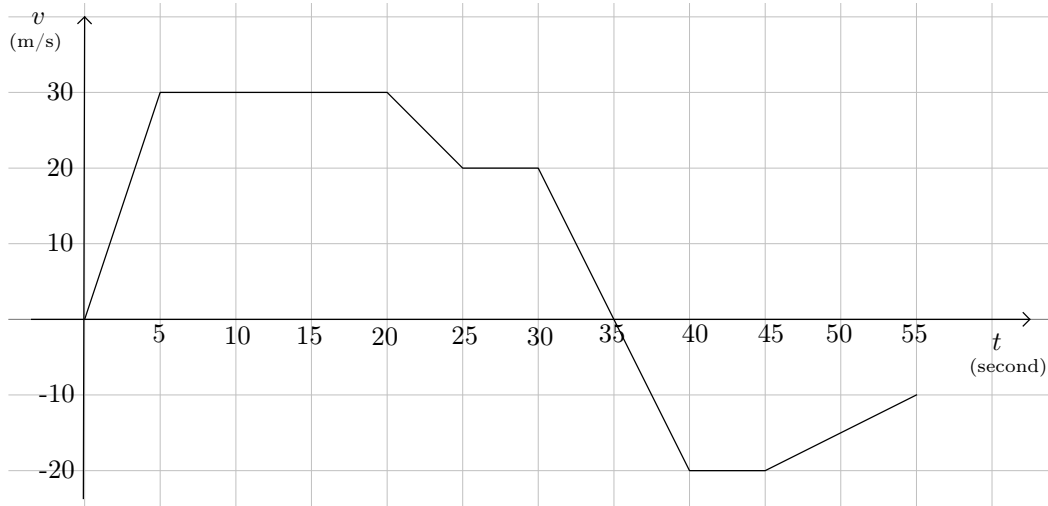


Question 1

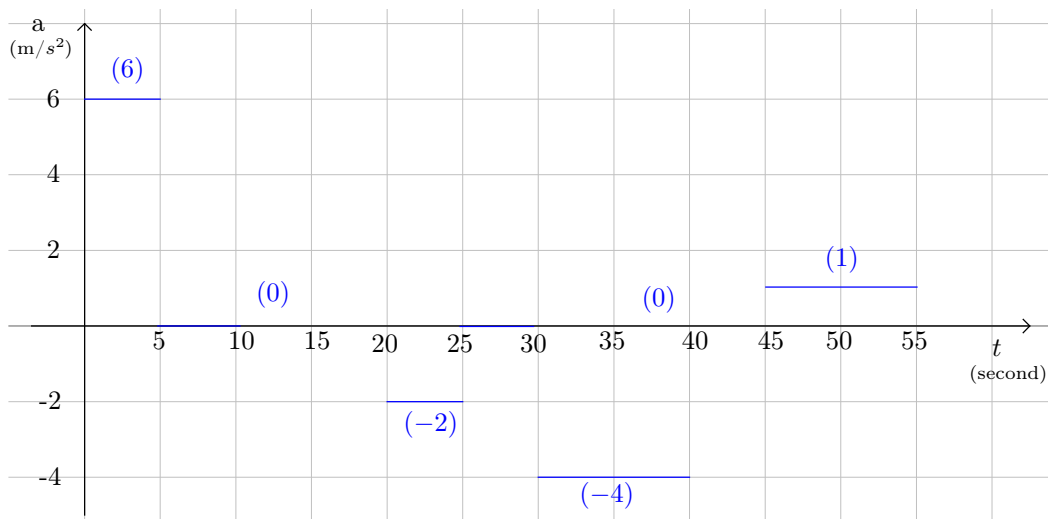
[20 marks]

The following graphics shows the *velocity* of a bicycle walking on a road for t between 0 and 55s



- 1) What is the *velocity* of the bike at $t = 27$ sec ? 20 m/s
- 2) When, for the second time the velocity of the bike reaches 90 km/h ? at 22.5s
- 3) What is the *displacement* of the bicycle for $0 \leq t \leq 25$ s? $75+450+125=650\text{m}$
- 5) The *average velocity* of the bike for $0 \leq t \leq 45$ s is $V_A = \frac{650 + 100 + 50 - 50 - 100}{45} = 16.67\text{m/s}$
- 6) Complete the table on the right by finding all the *accelerations* (with correct unit)
- 7) Based on your precedent answers, complete the following graphics

time	acceleration
$0 \leq t \leq 5$ s	6m/s^2
$5 \leq t \leq 20$ s	0m/s^2
$20 \leq t \leq 25$ s	-2m/s^2
$25 \leq t \leq 30$ s	0m/s^2
$30 \leq t \leq 40$ s	-4m/s^2
$40 \leq t \leq 45$ s	0m/s^2
$45 \leq t \leq 55$ s	1m/s^2



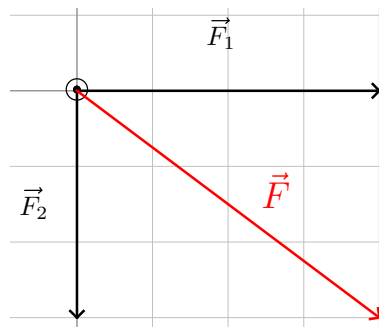
Question 2

[10 marks]

#	quantity	symbol	s: scalar or v:vector	unit
1	time	t	s	N
2	acceleration	a	v	m/s ²
3	Power	P	s	Watt
4	velocity	\vec{v}	V	m/s
5	speed	v	S	m/s
6	Pressure	P	s	Pa
7	Temperature	T	s	K
8	displacement	$\Delta\vec{s}$	v	m

Question 3

[5 marks]



- 1) The net force \vec{F} is shown (in red) on the same picture.
- 2) Assuming that the amplitude of \vec{F}_1 is 4N and the amplitude of \vec{F}_2 is 3N, the amplitude F of the net force will be given by Pythagoras theorem :

$F^2 = 4^2 + 3^2 = 25$ then $F = 5N$
