

Exercise 1

We define the binomial coefficient, written $\binom{n}{r}$ or nC_r

by : $\boxed{\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}}$

Exercise 2

Complete the following table of $\binom{n}{r}$

$n \setminus r$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0							
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							



Omar Khayyam (مکی) 1048-1131



Yang Hui (謙光) 1238-1298



Blaise Pascal 1623-1662

**Exercise 3**

Complete the following

$$(a+b)^0 = \boxed{1}$$

$$(a+b)^1 = a+b = \boxed{1}a + \boxed{1}b$$

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = \boxed{1}a^2 + \boxed{2}ab + \boxed{1}b^2$$

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 = \boxed{1}a^3 + \boxed{3}a^2b + \boxed{3}ab^2 + \boxed{1}b^3$$

$$(a+b)^4 = a^4 + \dots a \dots b + \dots a \dots b \dots + \dots a \dots b \dots + b^4 = \boxed{}a^4 + \boxed{}a^3b + \boxed{}a^2b^2 + \boxed{}ab^3 + \boxed{}b^4$$

Exercise 4

- 1) Complete : $(a+b)^n = \binom{n}{0}a^n + \quad + \quad + \dots +$
- 2) Write an expression for $(a+b)^n$ using the *sigma* ($\sum$) notation.

Exercise 5

- 1) Find the *term* in x^2 in the expansion of $(x+1)^4$
- 2) Find the *term* in x^3 in the expansion of $(2x+1)^5$
- 3) Find the *term* in x^3 in the expansion of $(2x - \frac{1}{2})^5$
- 4) Find the *term* in x^4 in the expansion of $(x-a)^6$
- 5) Find the *coefficient* of x^4 in the expansion of $(x-a)^6$